



From Symbolic Reasoning to Autonomous Robots

Michael Görner



University of Hamburg
Faculty of Mathematics, Informatics and Natural Sciences
Department of Informatics
Technical Aspects of Multimodal Systems

24. May 2016



Outline

1. Potsdam - Studies in Informatics
 - Answer Set Programming
2. Osnabrück - Studies in Cognitive Science
 - MUFFIN
 - Autonomous Tabletop Object Learning
 - Segmentation
 - Exploration
 - Registration
 - Recognition
 - Transparent Object Reconstruction
3. Hamburg - Back to Informatics



PICTURE

Institute of Computer Science / University of Potsdam

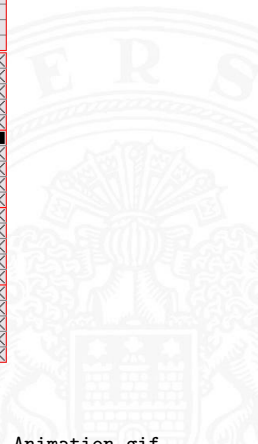
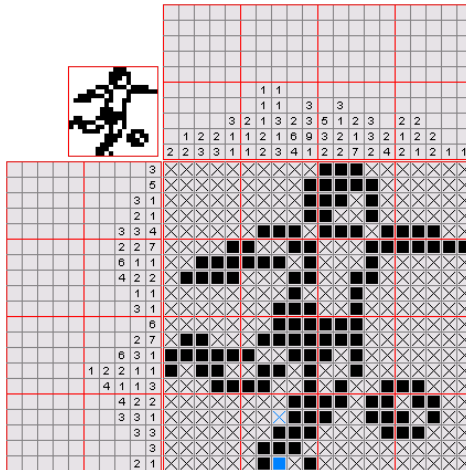




5	3			7				
6			1	9	5			
	9	8					6	
8				6				3
4			8		3			1
7				2				6
	6					2	8	
			4	1	9			5
				8			7	9

```

pos(0..8).
input(1..9).
block(0..2).
1{in(X, Y, Z): input(Z)}1 :-
    pos(X); pos(Y).
1{in(X,Y, Z): pos(Y)}1 :-
    pos(X); input(Z).
1{in(X,Y, Z): pos(X)}1 :-
    pos(Y); input(Z).
1{in(X,Y, Z):
    pos(X), X/3 == Xb,
    pos(Y), Y/3 == Yb}1 :-
    block(Xb); block(Yb);
    input(Z).
    
```

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https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Paint_by_numbers_Animation.gif



PICTURE

Institute of Cognitive Science / Osnabrück University



Calvin





MUFFIN

Video





Motivation

Demos in autonomous robotics require a tremendous amount of **hard-coded knowledge** of the environment. However, the goal is to make them perform in **unknown** mundane environments.

The robot should autonomously explore the environment and extract useful concepts.

This requires successful...

- ▶ Perception
- ▶ Exploration
- ▶ Model Construction
- ▶ Unsupervised Learning



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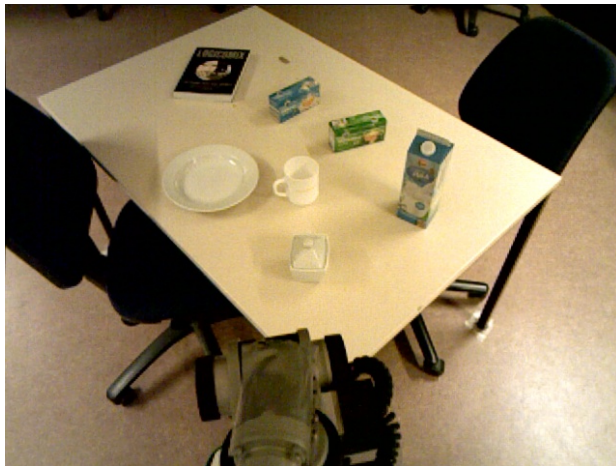
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Tabletop Segmentation





Assumptions

- ▶ Objects are opaque, non-reflecting entities
- ▶ Objects lie on top of supporting planes such as tables
- ▶ Different objects can be visually separated by distance
- ▶ Orientation and height of the camera w.r.t. the floor are known
- ▶ Supporting planes are convex
- ▶ Objects between some minimum/maximum height above a supporting plane lie on top of it

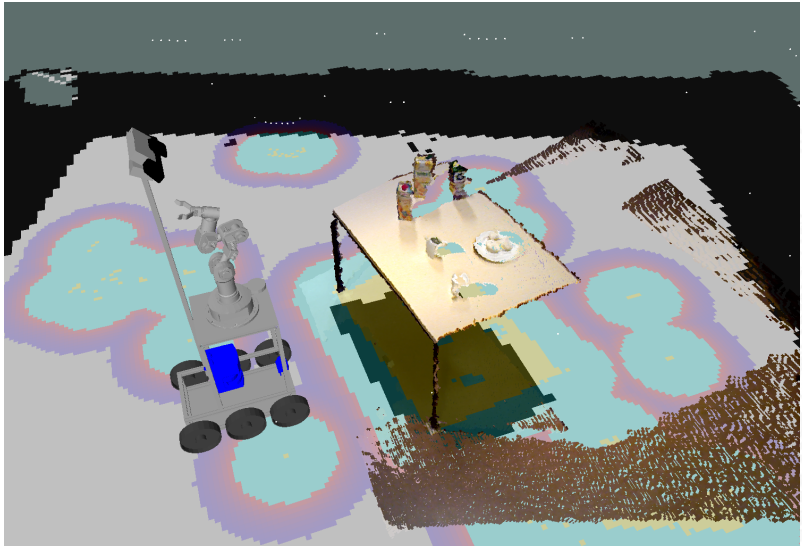
These can be violated, but the framework does not account for errors because of such violations.

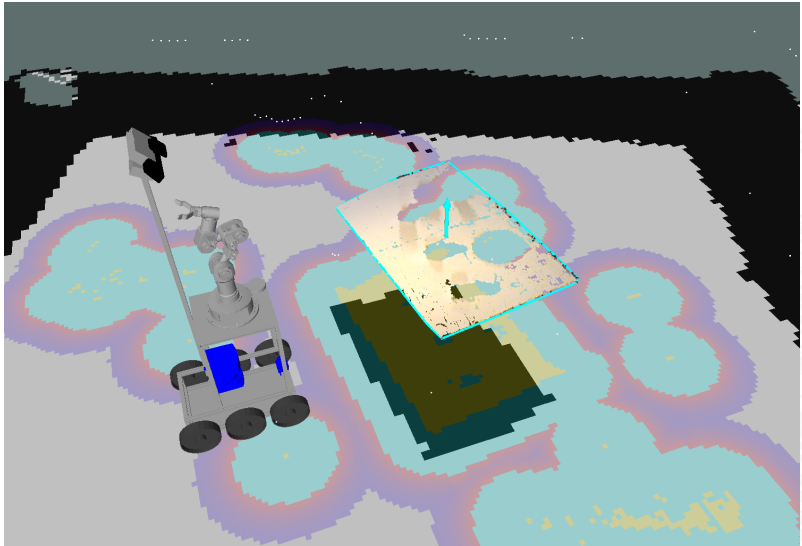


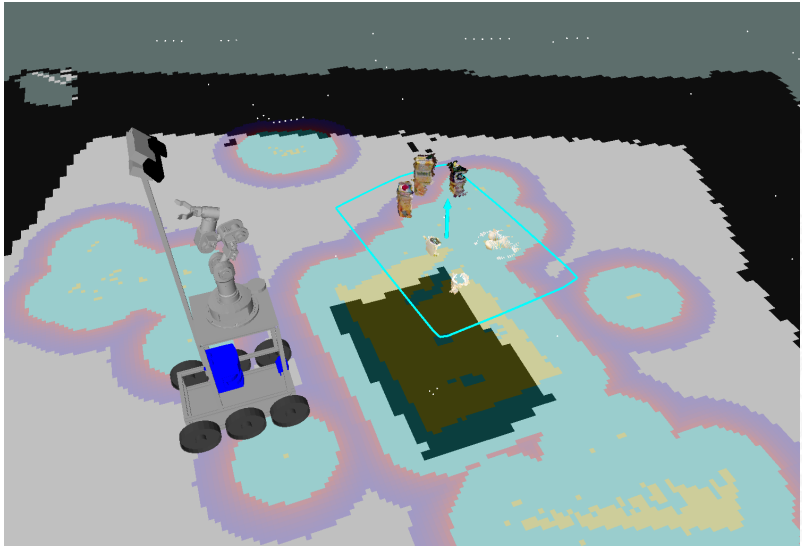
Assumptions

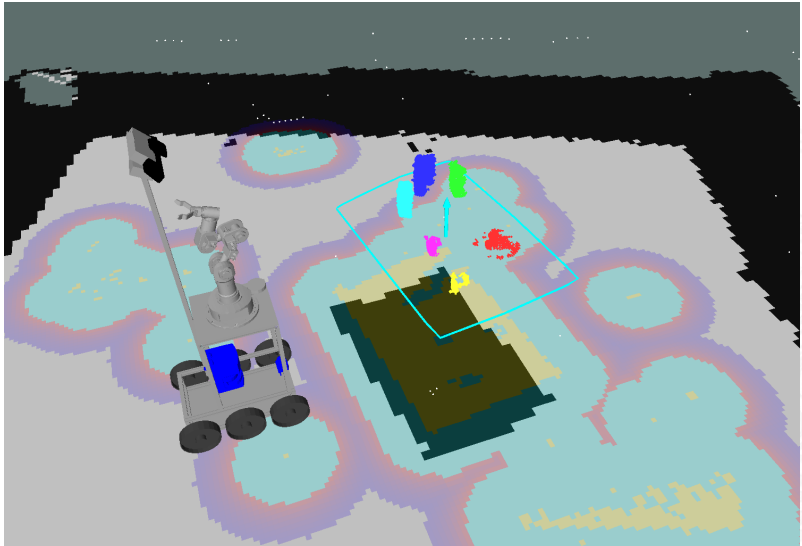
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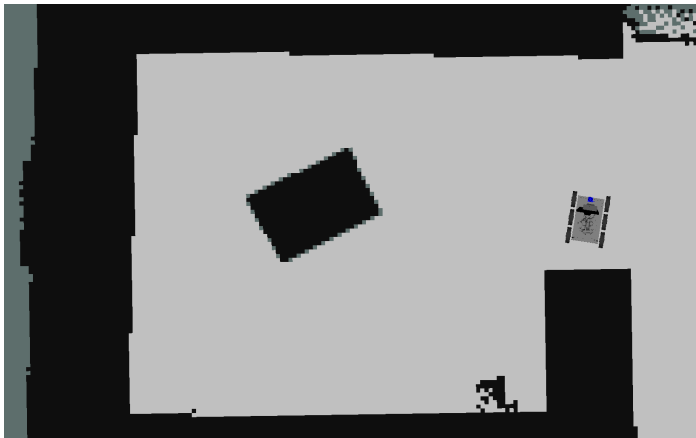


Tabletop Segmentation



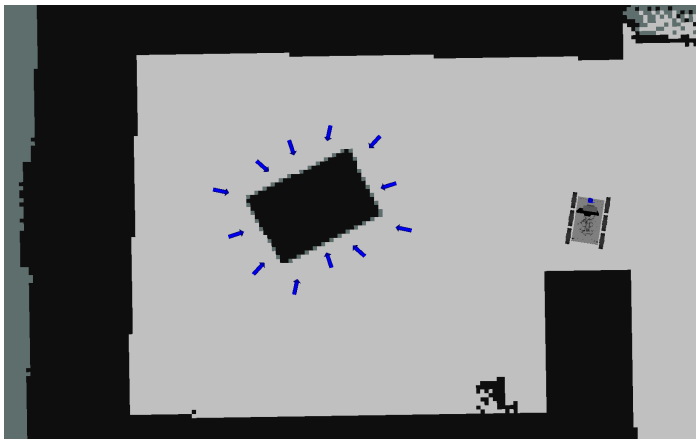


Exploration



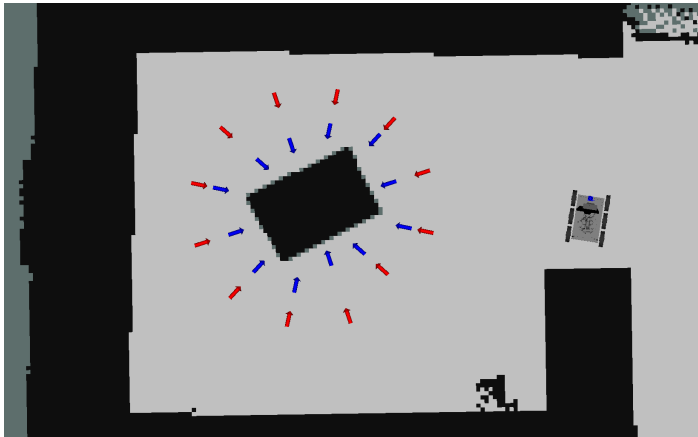


Exploration

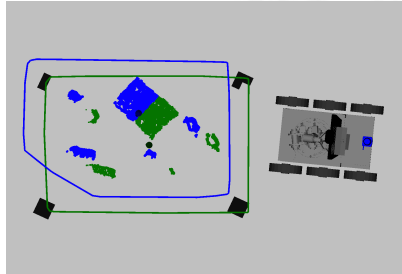
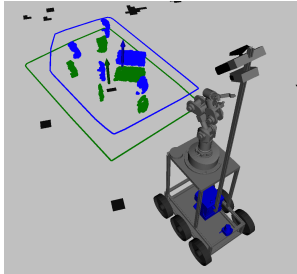




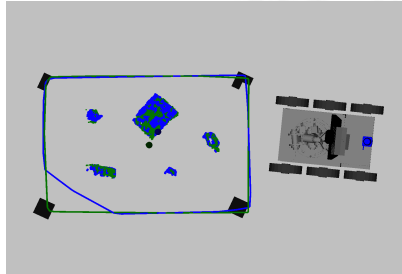
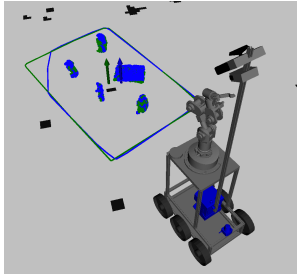
Exploration



Noisy Localization



Aligned Views





Incremental Plane ICP Registration

input: $\langle p_0, \lambda_{\text{map}}^{t_0} \rangle, \langle p_1, \lambda_{\text{map}}^{t_1} \rangle, \dots$

yields: $\langle p_0^{\text{out}}, \Delta_0, \Lambda_0 \rangle, \langle p_1^{\text{out}}, \Delta_1, \Lambda_1 \rangle, \dots$

procedure IncrementalPlaneICP($\langle p_0, \lambda_{\text{map}}^{t_0} \rangle, \langle p_1, \lambda_{\text{map}}^{t_1} \rangle, \dots$)

 Incremental2.5D-ICP iicp

$\Lambda_0 \leftarrow \lambda_{\text{map}}^{t_0}$

$\langle q_0, \Delta_0 \rangle \leftarrow \text{iicp}(p_0)$

yield $\langle q_0, \Delta_0, \Lambda_0 \rangle$

for $i \leftarrow 1, 2, \dots$ **do**

$\lambda_{\text{map}}^{t_i} \leftarrow (\Lambda_{i-1})^{-1} \circ \lambda_{\text{map}}^{t_i}$

$\xi_{\text{t}_0}^{t_i} \leftarrow \text{As2DTransform}(\lambda_{\text{map}}^{t_i})$

$p_i^{\text{t}_0} \leftarrow \xi_{\text{t}_0}^{t_i}(p_i)$

$\langle q_i, \Delta_i \rangle \leftarrow \text{iicp}(p_i^{\text{t}_0})$

$\Lambda_i \leftarrow \lambda_{\text{map}}^{t_i} \circ (\xi_{\text{t}_0}^{t_i})^{-1} \circ (\Delta_i)^{-1}$

yield $\langle q_i, \Delta_i \circ \xi_{\text{t}_0}^{t_i}, \Lambda_i \rangle$

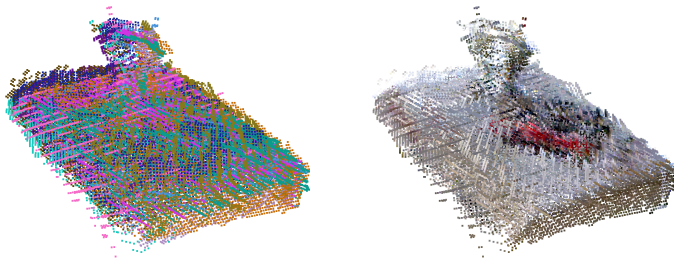
Incremental Plane ICP Registration



Exemplary table arrangement with the results of 6D ICP registration and Plane ICP



Multi-View Object Representation

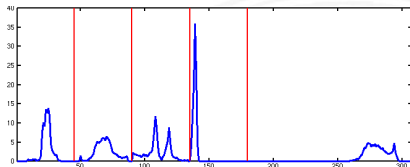


The system yields sets of registered views of all detected objects, retaining the original viewpoint information of each percept.

Viewpoint Feature Histograms[†]



(a) A single view (point cloud) of an object



(b) The corresponding VFH with Shape Distribution Component

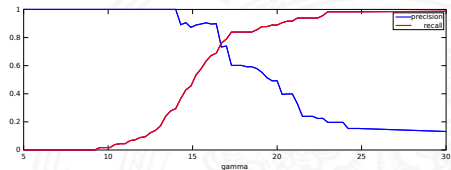
Views (and Sets of Views) can be clustered by 2-norm using a distance threshold γ .

[†] *CAD-model recognition and 6DOF pose estimation using 3D cues*,
 Aldoma et al., 2011

Evaluation



Test Set



Pair-Counted precision/recall depending on distance threshold γ



Evaluation



Example Classes at $\gamma = 16.4$

Evaluation



Example Classes at $\gamma = 16.4$



Evaluation



Example Classes at $\gamma = 16.4$



Evaluation



Example Classes at $\gamma = 16.4$



Summary

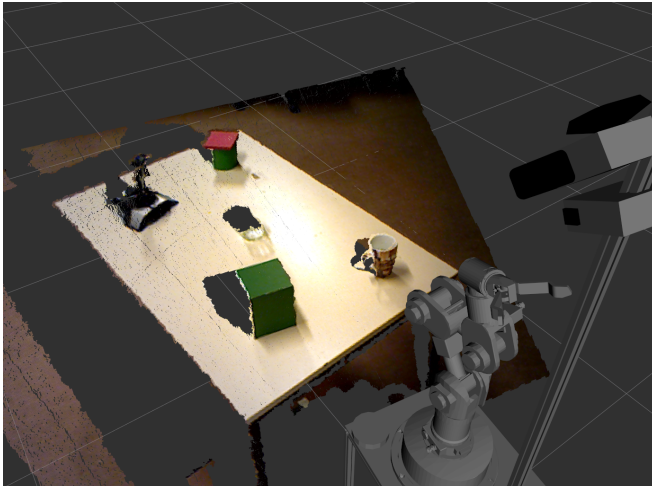
Outcome

A complete framework for autonomous tabletop exploration

It ...

- ▶ yields object representations usable for unsupervised object learning
- ▶ demonstrates the feasibility of online exploration
- ▶ provides a basis for future work on individual components

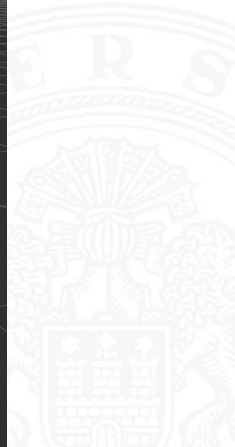
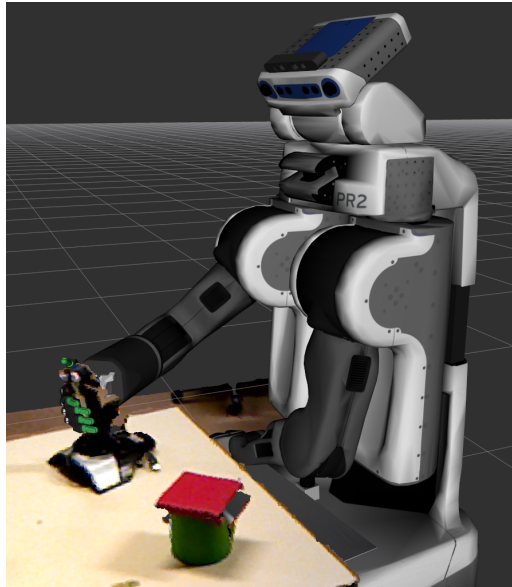
Motivation





Video







Thank You for Listening. Questions?

Michael Görner

goerner@informatik.uni-hamburg.de



University of Hamburg
Faculty of Mathematics, Informatics and Natural Sciences
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