



Technical Aspects of Multimodal System Dept. Informatics, Faculty of Mathematics, Informatics and Natural Sciences

Acknowledgments

• "Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots" by Roland Siegwart and IIIah R. Nourbakhsh, and pertinent slides with this book are available on:



- · Also thanks for online information from
 - Dr. Alaa Khamis
 - http://gucdiggers.com/robodig/MobileRobotics/



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Technical Aspects of Multimodal System
Dept. Informatics, Faculty of Mathematics, Informatics and Natural Sciences University of Hamburg



Content of today' lecture

- Introduction to our lecture
 - Motivation, requirements, schedule, and other information;
- What is a robot?
 - Robot's definition; law of robots
- Review of robotic technology
 - History of robots; review of research achievements
- · Robots' future

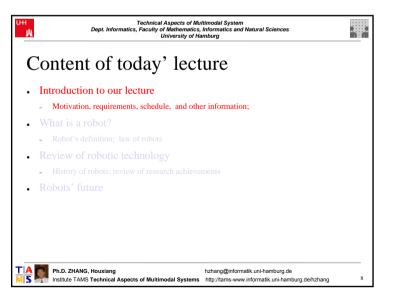


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University of Hamburg Acknowledgments • Other great work and related information on the internet hzhang@informatik.uni-hamburg.de Institute TAMS Technical Aspects of Multimodal Systems http://tams-www.informatik.uni-hamburg.de/hzhang





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Introduction to our lecture

- Motivation
- · Requirements
- · Our schedule
- · Other useful information





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Motivation

- We will look at different methods from the field of computer science that are used in robotics. The main focus is on the practical use of these methods which will be demonstrated with the help of relevant, up-todate applications. Presentation subjects can be chosen from among the following areas:
 - Architectures: possibilities of behavior control
 - Mobile robotic technology: motivation- technology-various systems
 - Sensor perception and actuation
 - Man-machine-communication: multimodality, example systems
 - Service robots
 - User detection: gates and gestures
 - Manipulator and Multi-finger Hand



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Motivation (cont')

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- · According to schedule of "Vorlesung Intelligente Roboter", the main purpose of this seminar is to get to know some selected and very interesting topics within the areas of computer science and robotics.
- This seminar enables the participants to have an insight into some special applications and methods, which can be applied in the mobile robotics.
- There are also some other purposes of this seminar, such as enabling the participants to work independently in a scientifical area, helping you to present the work in oral lecture and in writing documents.



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- Other useful information





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What we require of you (cont')

Other emphasis:

- · You should attend the course regularly. Low attendance or absence will affect your grade.
- Three time reasonable absence is the limitation.
- · German or English is available. English is encouraged
- · Other possibility is still open.
 - Small Schein (only Presentation)
 - Big Schein (Presentation + Report)



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What we require of you

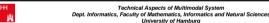
- At the beginning, the lecturer will give some introduction of robotic technology. Then the overall problems are declared by the lecturer at the first lecture.
- It is supported by the discussion at each lecture, where the presenter can be asked. One topic can be handled by up to two participants.
- Each participant makes a presentation which should last more than 30 minutes. The presentation slides and the documents can be prepared with LaTex (Style-File is available) or PowerPoint (Open Office is alternative).



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What we require of you (cont')

In order to get your Schein:

- · You should send your presentation in PDF to me two days before your
- You should give your presentation on time.
- You should attend other students presentation regularly.

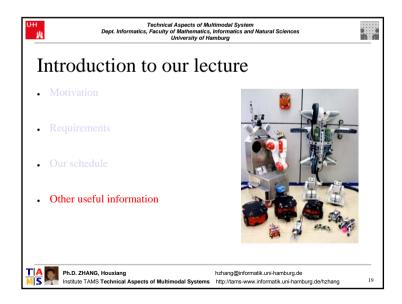


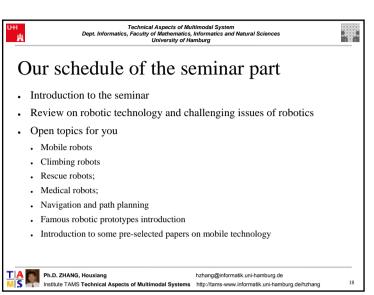
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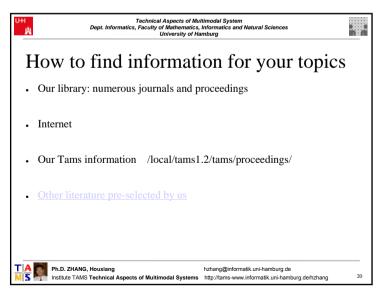
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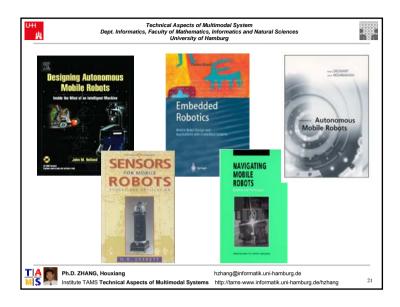
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Other lecture material

University of Hamburg

Bioinspiration and Robotics: Walking and Climbing Robots, Edited by: Maki K. Habib, ISBN 978-3-902613-15-8, Publisher: I-Tech Education and Publishing, Vienna, Austria. Sept. 2007.

- Climbing and Walking Robots: Towards New Applications, Edited by: Dr. Houxiang Zhang, JSBN 978-3-902613-16-5, Publisher: I-Tech Education and Publishing, Vienna, Austria. Oct. 2007.
- Mobile Robotics Moving Intelligence, Edited by: Jonas Buchli, ISBN 3-86611-284-X, Publisher: Pro Literatur Verlag, Germany / ARS, Austria, Dec. 2006.
- Mobile Robots Toward New Applications, Edited by: Aleksandar Lazinica, ISBN 978-3-86611-314-5, Publisher: Pro Literatur Verlag, Germany / ARS, Austria, Dec. 2006.
- Mobile Robots Perception & Navigation, Edited by: Sascha Kolski, ISBN3-86611-283-1, Publisher: Pro Literatur Verlag, Germany / ARS, Austria, Feb. 2007. Download)
- http://tams-www.informatik.uni-hamburg.de/lectures/2008ss/seminar/ii







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Where does "Robot" come from?

- In 1921 the Czech author Karel Čapek produced his best known work, the play Rossum's Universal
- "robot" was derived from the Czech word robota, meaning (forced) "work"



1890-1938





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What is a robot?



- A robot is a mechanical or virtual, artificial agent. It is usually an electromechanical system, which, by its appearance or movements, conveys a sense that it has intent or agency of its own. The word robot can refer to both physical robots and virtual software agents, but the latter are usually referred to as bots to differentiate.[1]

[1] Telecom glossary "bot". Alliance for Telecommunications Solutions (2001-02-28). Retrieved on 2007-09-05.



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Laws of robots from Isaac Asimov

- Law 1:
 - A robot may not injure a human being, or through inaction allow a human being to come to harm.
- Law 2:
 - A robot must obey the orders given it by human beings, except where such orders would conflict with the first law.
- Law 3:
 - A robot must protect its own existence as long as such protection does not conflict with the first or second law.



1920-1992

Zeroth Law:

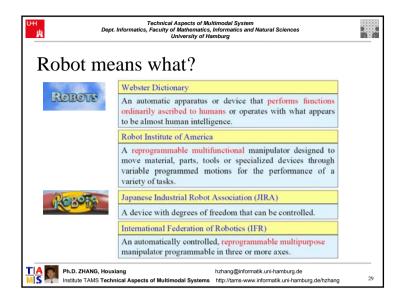
A robot may not injure humanity, or, through inaction, allow humanity to come to harm.



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Other definitions

- Any device which replaces human labor (Sosoka, Japan, 1985)
- · A programmable multifunction manipulator designed to move material, parts, or specialized devices through variable programmed motions for performance of a variety of tasks (Robotics Institute of America, Schlussel, 1985).
- A robot is a machine which can be programmed to do a variety of tasks, in the same way that a computer is an electronic circuit which can be programmed to do a variety of tasks (McKerrow, 1986).
- Robotics is the intelligent connection of perception to action (Mike Brady, Oxford, 1985).



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My definition of "robot"

- A robot is an artificial, intelligent, autonomous system with a physical electro-mechanical platform.
- It is a combined device with enough perception, manipulation capability or mobility to implement typical tasks.
- Its purpose is to release human beings of laborious tasks, and of working in a critical environment, or to provide services to improve the our living standard.



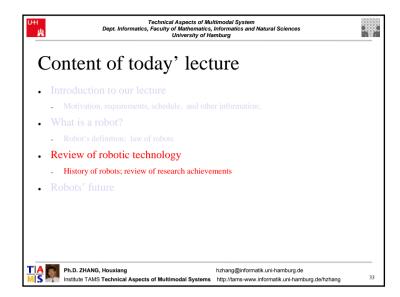






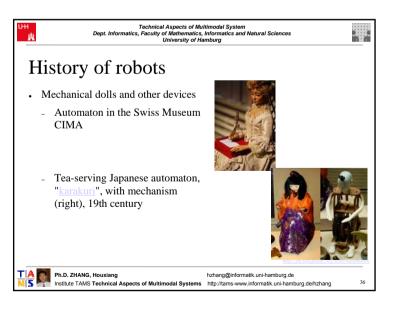


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History of robots

- · Mechanical automata
 - The "wooden galloper with swing cargo box" (231-234) was created by Zhuge Liang while he served Shu-Han. It was a mechanical, walking replica of an ox whose main purpose was to carry supplies such as grain to an army that was running low on supplies.
 - Duck of Vaucanson (1739), an early automaton was created in 1738 by Jacques de Vaucanson, who created a mechanical duck that was able to eat and digest grain, flap its wings, and excrete.





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Early research achievements

- In 1926, by Westinghouse Electric Corporation, "Televox" the first robot put to useful work.
- In the 1930s, a humanoid robot "Elektro" for exhibition purposes, including for 1939 and 1940 World's Fairs.





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History of robots

- · Mechanical automata
 - Tanaka Hisashige's 1851 perpetual clock, in the National

Japan's first steam engine, manufactured in 1853.





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Early research achievements

• In 1928, by Makoto Nishimura, "Gakutensoku" Japan's first robot.



• In 1949, by William Grey Walter, "Elmer and Elsie", the first electronic autonomous robots These robots could sense light and contact with external objects, and use these stimulus to navigate.

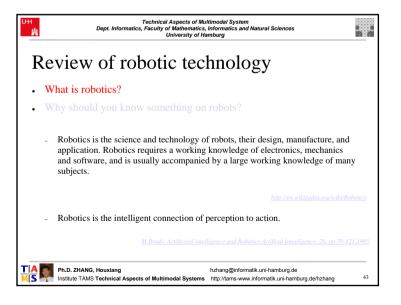


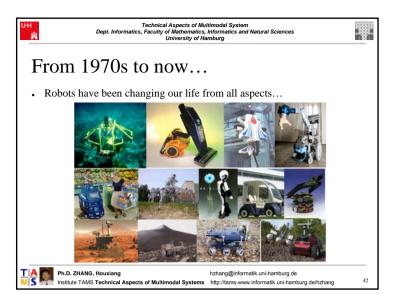


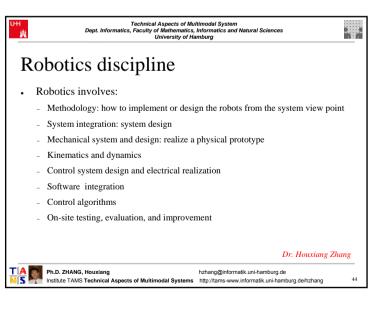
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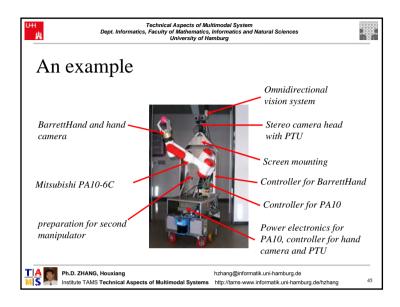
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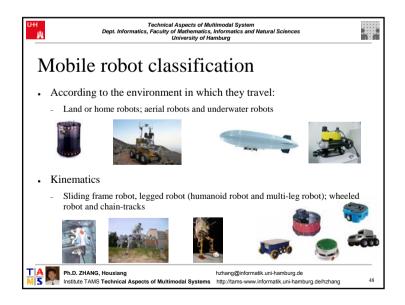














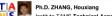




- Robotics will be more and more popular and absolutely necessarily for human

- For you, robotics means a big chance for good future.

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Why should you know something on robots?

- · Microsoft Chairman Bill Gates lays out the robotic future in the cover story of January's Scientific American Magazine.
 - In the story, Gates argues that the robot industry is akin to the PC industry 30 years ago.
 - Robots will be everywhere in our life.



1955-present



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