

# Assignment 13 (Bonus)

Machine Learning, Summer term 2013, Norman Hendrich

Solutions due by July 15

**Exercise 13.1 (Random-Walk task, 3 points)** Why do you think that a short (5 states) random-walk task was chosen for TD(0), but a longer one (19 states) for the demonstration of on-line and off-line TD( $\lambda$ )?

**Exercise 13.2 (Tabular case TD( $\lambda$ ), 3 points)** Show that table-lookup TD( $\lambda$ ) is a special case of general TD( $\lambda$ ) (with function approximation).

**Exercise 13.3 (Implement RL-learning with radial-basis functions, 14 points)** Implement a RL learning tasks of your own choice that involves function-approximation with radial-basis functions. For example, another grid-world, a game, or a physics model like the pole-balancing cart. Document the chosen task, the selected state- and action-spaces, and the performance of your learner.